

# Overview

## PT. Austindo Nusantara Jaya Tb

PT. Austindo Nusantara Jaya Tb (ANJT.JK) (hereinafter referred to as “ANJ” or “the Company”) is a publicly listed Indonesian palm oil agribusiness with nearly 200,000ha of concession land spread across nine properties. With a strong commitment to environmental protection, the Company has allocated over 50% of its concession land to conservation. It has also set two time-bound biodiversity targets:

- To implement a robust biodiversity monitoring programme by 2025; and
- To include biodiversity accounting for at least two business units by 2030.

This is in addition to the Company’s 2021 biodiversity targets that included:

- To maintain stable populations for species which

- trigger high conservation value; and
- To achieve zero human-wildlife conflict in its areas of operations.

In order to measure and monitor biodiversity at its sites, ANJ instituted the PENDAKI citizen science programme, starting in 2019. The system was set up to encourage employees to record any flora or fauna they identify while working onsite.

| ANJ Concession Area Details |   |                     |                    |                   |
|-----------------------------|---|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Operational Site            | Location                                | Concession Area     | Conservation Area  | % Concession Area |
| ANJA                        | North Padan Lawas, North Sumatra        | 9,464.00ha          | 349.47ha           | 3.7%              |
| ANJAS                       | South Tapanuli, North Sumatra           | 9,339.50ha          | 1,464.03ha         | 15.7%             |
| SMM                         | East Belitung, Bangka Belitung          | 17,225.10ha         | 1,360.09ha         | 7.9%              |
| KAL                         | Ketapang, West Kalimantan               | 13,878.24ha         | 3,973.73ha         | 28.6%             |
| GSB                         | Empat Lawang, South Sumatra             | 12,800.00ha         | 1,373.00ha         | 10.7%             |
| ANJ                         | Maybrat, Southwest Papua                | 36,505.98ha         | 36,505.93ha        | 100.0%            |
| PMP                         | South Sorong & Maybrat, Southwest Papua | 22,678.41ha         | 17,131.74ha        | 75.5%             |
| PPM                         | South Sorong, Southwest Papua           | 32,025.18ha         | 27,374.32ha        | 85.5%             |
| ANJAP                       | South Sorong, Southwest Papua           | 40,000.00ha         | 8,150.00ha         | 20.4%             |
| <b>Total</b>                |   | <b>193,916.41ha</b> | <b>97,682.31ha</b> | <b>50.4%</b>      |

Source: ANJ

## PT. Kayung Agro Lestari



Source: Google Maps



**PT. Kayung Agro Lestari**

P.T. Kayung Agro Lestari (hereinafter referred to as “KAL”) is the specific location under consideration for this report.

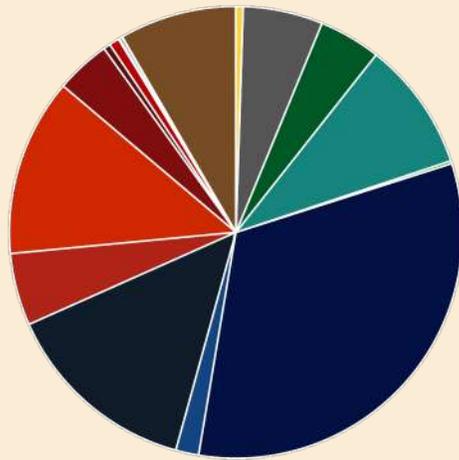
KAL is the Company’s operations in West Kalimantan, situated 2km Gunung Palung National Park (Gunung Palung). KAL consists of a nucleus area of 10,920ha and a plasma area of 2,958ha. Approximately 28.6% (or nearly 3,974ha) of the concession area has been declared as conservation areas, including more than 121ha that are self-declared conservation areas.

The site is richly diverse and is inhabited by critically endangered flora and fauna, with PENDAKI observations recorded for species such as *Gonystylus bancanus*, *Rhinoplax vigil* (helmeted hornbill), and *Pongo pygmaeus* (Bornean orangutan).

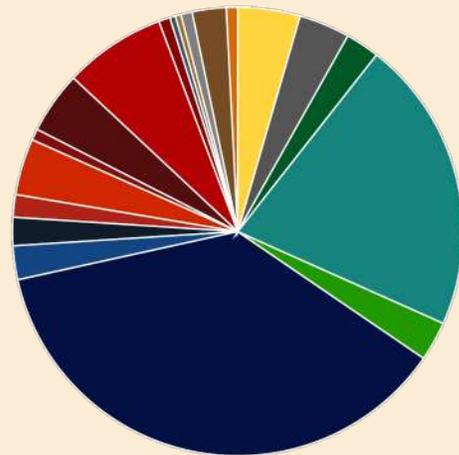
The results of the PENDAKI studies have been more effective than published results for the entire region, with 3,630 observations recorded in 2023 alone. This included 155 different species from 19 allocated species groups.

ANJ has made the area accessible with limited access to the public, and to the surrounding communities who have rights to sustainably harvest non-timber forest products of unprotected and non-threatened species.

Number of Observations per Group: KAL (PENDAKI Data)

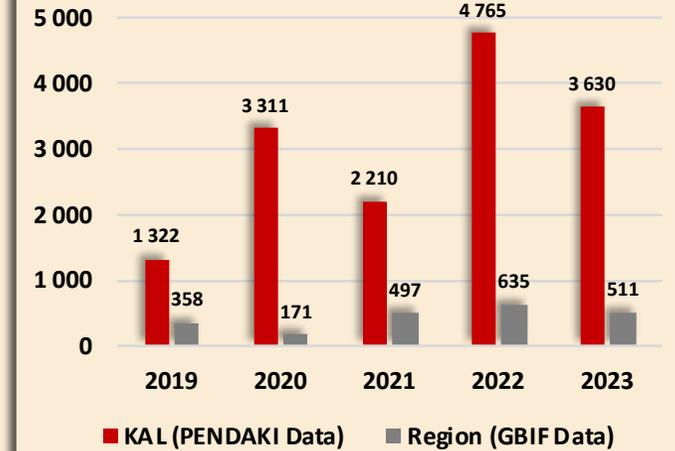


Number of Species per Group: KAL (PENDAKI Data)

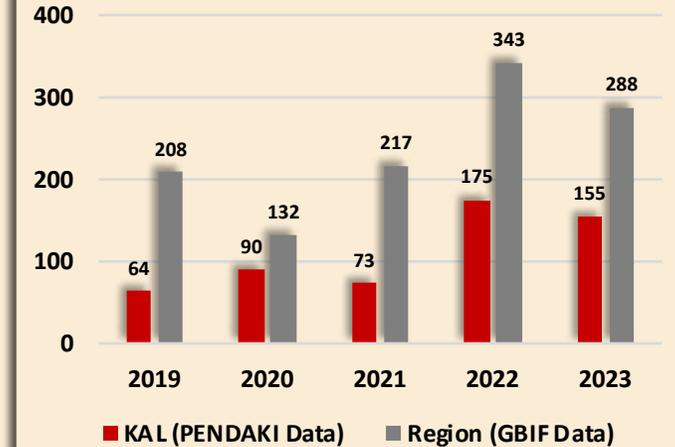


- Amphibians
- Birds of Prey
- Catfish
- Fungi
- Invertebrates: Herbivores
- Invertebrates: Omnivores
- Invertebrates: Pollinators
- Invertebrates: Predators
- Large Herbivores
- Large Predators
- Medium Herbivores
- Medium Omnivores
- Medium Predators
- Other Birds
- Other Fish
- Plants
- Small Herbivores
- Small Omnivores
- Small Predators

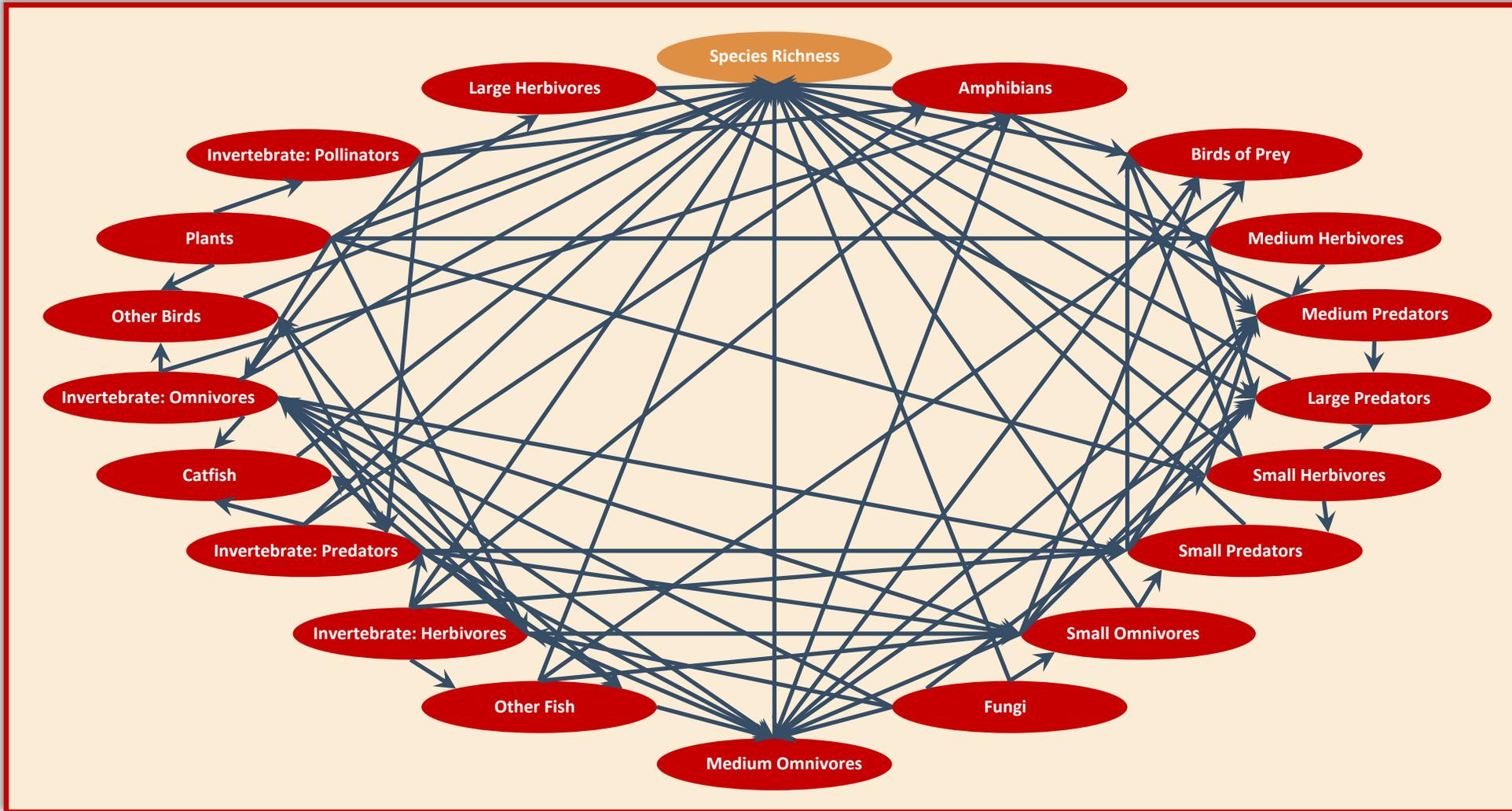
Number of Observations per Year



Number of Species per Year



# Biodiversity Network Structure



For this report, the richness of the KAL operations is valued against its carbon, aesthetic, economic, hedge and impact values by analysing the local biodiversity and species richness.

The Relationship Network depicted alongside represents the key interactions for the species groups recorded within KAL's territory. Local data was provided by ANJ, and generated through the PENDAKI citizen-science biodiversity monitoring system. The Relationship Network is vital in understanding the benefit gained from maintaining a rich ecosystem.

When considering the richness valuation of the biodiversity on the plantation, it is necessary to recognise the various inter-species interactions.

